

North Carolina Drought Monitor Annual Report

Agriculture Report

Harvest 2023

Commodity	Planted All- Purpose Ac.	Harvested Acres	Yield	Production	Price Per Unit	Value of Production in Dollars
SOYBEANS	1,640,000	1,630,000	38.5 BU/ ACRE	62,755,000 BU	12.9 \$ / BU	809,540,000
Corn Grain		900,000	147 BU/ ACRE	132,300,000 BU	5.75 \$ / BU	760,725,000
Tobacco		113,120	2,299 LB/ ACRE	260,098,000 LB	2.14 \$ / LB	556,588,000
SWEET POTATOES	78,000	77,800	195 CWT/ ACRE	15,171,000 CWT	20.7 \$ / CWT	305,300,000
COTTON, UPLAND	380,000	370,000	933 LB / ACRE	719,000 480 LB BALES	0.789 \$ / LB	276,466,000

NC STATE EXTENSION

Agriculture 2023 - 2024

- Fall–Winter 2023
 - August: Reasonably dry. Crop condition based on time of planting
 - September: Spottyrains.
 - November: Moderate dryness from Clay to Currituck.
 - Gaston, Surry, Yadkin, and Craven were closer to severe drought by the completion of harvest

NC STATE EXTENSION

- Winter Spring 2024
 - Mid-winter rains left most of the state in good shape.
 - Some Northeastern counties abnormally to moderately dry.
 - March April
 - Most of the state in excellent position for planting and growth.



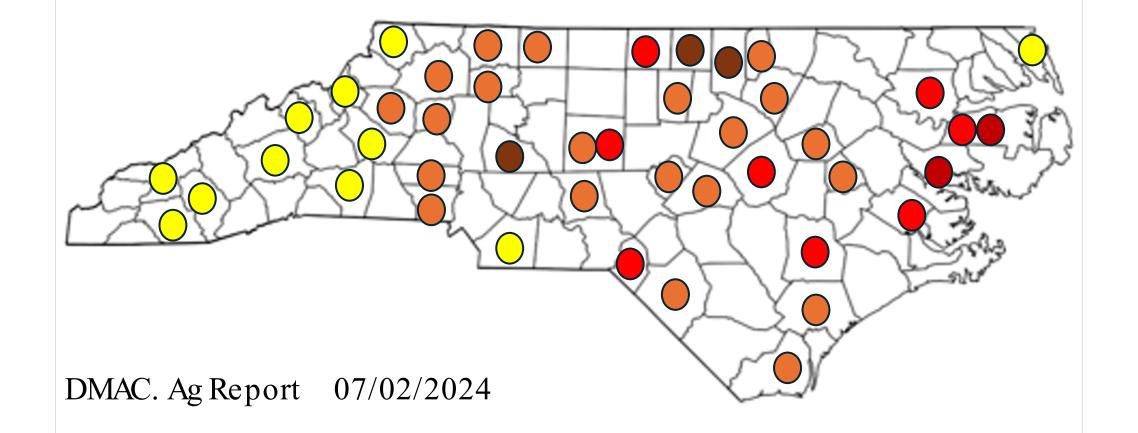


NC STATE EXTENSION

Agriculture 2023 - 2024

- Spring to Summer 2024
 - April Early May.
 - Much of the state is abnormally dry
 - May-June
 - Some moisture in May
 - Dryness begins to set in.
 - June sees rapid onset of moderate to severe drought in Piedmont and East
 - End of June: drought moves into the mountains, worsens in the Piedmont and East.

NC STATE EXTENSION





Drought 2024





Drought 2024



NC STATE EXTENSION

DMAC Agriculture Report 2023 - 2024

2023 – 2024 Crop Impacts

- Corn took a heavy hit.
- Late planted crops suffered
- Tobacco
 - Downed
 - Mold
 - Wilted

